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**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

This slippery grey-black liquid has a mild odor. Avoid inhalation of graphite dust. No significant immediate hazards for emergency response are known.

**NFPA RATING: HEALTH: 0 FLAMMABILITY: 1 REACTIVITY: 0**

**1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**GENERIC NAME:** LUBRICATING OIL

**ISSUE DATE:** August 21, 2006

**THIS LUBRICANTS USA PRODUCT IS:**

**FINAGLASS 9**

**CAS NUMBER:**

Mixture

**SYNONYMS / GENERAL NAMES:**

Process oil

**24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE:**

(CHEMTREC) 1-800-424-9300

**TECHNICAL INFORMATION:**

1-800-442-5823

**2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS / HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS**

COMPONENTS	CAS NO.	%	HAZARD DATA
Hydrotreated middle distillate*	64742-46-7	90-99	*
Micronized graphite	7782-42-5	1-10	

\* Not limited to but include these CAS numbers. Hazard data on this petroleum oil is Oral LD 50 >5000, Dermal LD 50 >2000

**HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:** NONE

**HAZARDOUS PER 29 CFR 1916.1200:** NO

**3. HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION**

<b>ROUTES OF ENTRY:</b>	Breathing
<b>TARGET ORGANS:</b>	Lungs
<b>IRRITANCY:</b>	This product can cause mild, transient, eye irritation with short-term contact with liquids or sprays.
<b>REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS:</b>	N/A
<b>CANCER INFORMATION:</b>	This product does not contain any components at concentrations above 0.1% that are considered carcinogenic by OSHA, IARC, or NTP.

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

<b>EYES:</b>	Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low-pressure water while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, redness or pain persists.
<b>DERMAL:</b>	Remove contaminated shoes and clothing, wipe off excess material. Wash exposed skin with soap and water. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or if irritation persists. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.
<b>INGESTION:</b>	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to by a physician. Do not give anything to drink unless directed to by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully

	conscious. Seek medical attention immediately.
<b>INHALATION:</b>	<p><b>First Aid Measure</b> Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.</p> <p><b>Symptoms.</b> May cause irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing and shortness of breath. May produce black sputum, decreased pulmonary function and lung fibrosis.</p> <p><b>Chronic Exposure</b> to natural graphite is associated with the development of pneumoconiosis, a disease of the lungs.</p> <p><b>Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:</b> Persons with pre-existing respiratory or cardiopulmonary problems may be more susceptible to the effects of this substance.</p>
<b>INJECTION:</b>	Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**FLASH POINT, °C( °F):** >160°C (320°F)

**FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% BY VOLUME):** **LOWER:** NO DATA **UPPER:** NO DATA

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:** N/A

**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:** N/A

**EXPLOSION DATA:** N/A

**NFPA RATING:** **HEALTH:** 0 **FLAMMABILITY:** 1 **REACTIVITY** 0

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**SPILL PROCEDURES:** Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment. Slipping hazard—do not walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. For small spills, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent material and place into waste containers for later disposal. Contain large spills to maximize product recovery or disposal. Prevent entry into waterways or sewers. In urban area, cleanup spills as soon as possible. In natural environments, seek cleanup advice from specialists to minimize physical habitat damage. This material will float on water. Absorbent pads and similar materials can be used. Comply with all laws and regulations.

**Ecotoxicity** Ecological effects testing has not been conducted on this material. Discharges are expected to cause only localized and non-persistent environmental damage.

**Environmental fate** An environmental fate analysis has not been conducted on this specific product. However, plants and animals may experience harmful or fatal effects when coated with petroleum-based products. Petroleum-based (mineral) lube oils will normally float on water. In stagnant or slow-flowing waterways, an oil layer can cover a large surface area. As a result, this oil layer might limit or eliminate natural atmospheric oxygen transport into the water. With time, if not removed, oxygen depletion in the waterway can result in a loss of marine life or create an anaerobic environment

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**HANDLING & STORAGE PROCEDURES:** Avoid water contamination and extreme temperatures to minimize product degradation. Keep container closed. Do not store with strong oxidizing agents. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F or in direct sunlight for extended periods of time.

Empty containers may contain product residues that can ignite with explosive force. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat or other potential ignition sources. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this product.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

<b>ENGINEERING CONTROLS:</b>	<p><b>Ventilation System:</b> This product contains respirable graphite. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved mask if ACGIH, OSHA and/or TWA limits will be exceeded. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, <i>Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices</i>, most recent edition, for details.</p>
<b>GLOVES PROTECTION:</b>	<p>Use gloves constructed of chemical resistant materials such as neoprene or heavy nitrile rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. Use heat protective gloves when handling product at elevated temperatures.</p>
<b>EYE PROTECTION:</b>	<p>Safety glasses equipped with side shields should be adequate protection under most conditions of use. Wear goggles and/or face shield if splashing or spraying is likely, especially if material is heated above 125° F (or 51° C). Have suitable eye wash water available.</p>
<b>RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:</b>	<p><b>Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):</b> If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a half facepiece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest.. A full-face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filters) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency, or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. <b>WARNING:</b> Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres. Where respirators are required, you must have a written program covering the basic requirements in the OSHA respirator standard. These include training, fit testing, medical approval, cleaning, maintenance, cartridge change schedules, etc. See 29CFR1910.134 for details. Protection factors vary depending upon the type of respirator used. Respirators should be used in accordance with OSHA requirements (29 CFR 1910.134).</p>
<b>CLOTHING RECOMMENDATION:</b>	<p>Avoid prolonged and/or repeated skin contact, especially after this product has been used. If splashing or spraying is expected chemical-resistant (Tyvek®, nitrile or neoprene) clothing should be worn. This might include long-sleeves, apron, slicker suit, boots and additional facial protection. If general contact occurs, promptly remove soaked clothing and take a shower.</p>
<b>OTHER COMMENTS:</b>	<p>Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands and other exposed skin areas with plenty of mild soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, use of toilet facilities or leaving work. <b>DO NOT</b> use gasoline, kerosene, solvents or harsh abrasives as skin cleaners. Since standards/control limits have not been established for this product, the exposure limits shown below are suggested as minimum control guidelines.</p> <p><b>Other Control Measures:</b> Graphite is a conductor of electricity. Exercise caution when handling graphite in areas where contact with electrical circuitry is possible. Use good personal hygiene practices.</p>
<b>Occupational exposure guidelines for highly-refined petroleum lubricant oils</b>	<p>Applicable workplace exposure levels</p> <p><b>For oil:</b> TWA: 5 STEL; 10 (mg/M<sup>3</sup>) from ACGIH (TLV) TWA: 5 (mg/ M<sup>3</sup>) from OSHA (PEL) TWA: 5 STEL; 10 (mg/ M<sup>3</sup>) from NIOSH</p> <p><b>For Graphite (Natural):</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) - 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (for all forms of graphite except graphite fibers)</li> <li>- NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL) - 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek.</li> <li>- OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) - 15 mppcf (TWA).</li> </ul>

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<b>APPEARANCE:</b>	Grey to black liquid
<b>ODOR:</b>	Mild petroleum odor
<b>pH:</b>	N/A
<b>VAPOR PRESSURE, mm Hg (25°C):</b>	<0.0001
<b>VAPOR DENSITY:</b>	17+ (Air =1)
<b>MELTING POINT:</b>	Not available
<b>BOILING POINT, 760 mm Hg, °C:</b>	Not available
<b>SOLUBILITY IN WATER:</b>	Insoluble in cold water.
<b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY:</b>	0.87 (Water = 1)
<b>EVAPORATION RATE:</b>	N/A
<b>VISCOSITY 40°C (100°C)</b>	9 cSt @ 40° C
<b>MOLECULAR WEIGHT:</b>	N/A
<b>PERCENT VOLATILE:</b>	Negligible volatility

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

<b>STABILITY:</b>	Stable
<b>INCOMPATIBILITY:</b>	Strong oxidizers
<b>POLYMERIZATION:</b>	Not expected to occur
<b>THERMAL DECOMPOSITION:</b>	CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, smoke, fumes and unburned hydrocarbons.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<b>EYE IRRITATION:</b>	This product can cause mild, transient, eye irritation with short-term contact with liquid or sprays.
<b>DERMAL IRRITATION:</b>	This material can cause mild, transient skin irritation with short-term exposure.
<b>INHALATION TOXICITY:</b>	No significant adverse health effects are expected to occur upon short-term exposure to this product. Aspiration of liquid into the lungs can cause severe lung damage or death.
<b>INGESTION IRRITATION:</b>	If swallowed, no significant adverse health effects are anticipated. Ingestion can cause mild irritation to the digestive tract or cause a laxative effect.
<b>INJECTION SENSITATION:</b>	Injection under the skin, in muscle, or into the blood stream can cause irritation, inflammation, swelling, fever, and systemic effects and mild central nervous system depression. Injection of pressurized hydrocarbons can cause severe, permanent tissue damage. Initial symptoms may be minor. Injection of petroleum hydrocarbons requires immediate medical attention.
<b>CHRONIC EXPOSURE SYMPTOMS</b>	Prolonged or repeated contact may cause dermatitis.
<b>OTHER REMARKS</b>	LD50 and LC 50 NOT KNOWN. Quartz: Investigated as a tumorigen and mutagen. <b>Carcinogenicity:</b> For Silica, Crystalline: - Cristobalite (14464-46-1), quartz (14808-60-7), and tridymite (15468-32-3) are listed by NTP as known to be a human carcinogen. - NIOSH considers cristobalite, tridymite, quartz, and tripoli (1317-95-9) to be potential occupational carcinogens.

**12. HEALTH INFORMATION**

**HMIS CODE:**      **HEALTH:**    0    **FIRE:**        1    **REACTIVITY:**    0

No	<b>HIGHLY TOXIC</b>	No	<b>SENSITIZER</b>
No	<b>TOXIC</b>	No	<b>REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS</b>
No	<b>CORROSIVE</b>	No	<b>MUTAGEN</b>
No	<b>IRRITANT</b>		

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**WASTE DISPOSAL:** It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a hazardous waste at the time of disposal. Determine compliance status with all applicable requirements prior to disposal.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)**

<b>PROPER SHIPPING NAME:</b>	Petroleum lubricating oil.
<b>HAZARD CLASS:</b>	Not a DOT controlled material (United States).
<b>HAZARD IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:</b>	N/A
<b>DOT PLACARD:</b>	N/A
<b>COMPATIBILITY CATEGORY:</b>	N/A

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**SARA SECTION 313 - TOXIC CHEMICALS:**

This product does not contain toxic chemicals under SARA Section 313 and 40 CFR Part 372.

**SARA SECTION 311 - HAZARD CATEGORIES:**

This product may meet one or more of the criteria for the hazard categories defined in 40 CFR Part 370 as established by Sections 311 and 312 of SARA as indicated below:

NO	<b>IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) HEALTH HAZARD</b>	NO	<b>SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE HAZARD</b>
NO	<b>DELAYED (CHRONIC) HEALTH HAZARD</b>	NO	<b>REACTIVE HAZARD</b>
NO	<b>FIRE HAZARD</b>		

**SARA SECTION 302 - EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS WASTE:**

This product is not known to contain any components in concentrations greater than one percent that are listed as Extremely Hazardous Substances in 40 CFR Part 355 pursuant to the requirements of Section 302(a) of SARA.

**CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA):**

Under the CWA, discharges of crude oil and petroleum products to surface water without proper Federal and State permits must be reported immediately to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

**CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES:**

As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is not otherwise specifically listed or designated as a hazardous substance.

**U.S. TSCA INVENTORY**

All components of this material are on the U.S. TSCA Inventory or are not required to be listed on the U.S. TSCA Inventory

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

This product is not known to contain any components for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW LABEL**

Petroleum oil.

**ADDITIONAL REGULATORY REMARKS**

None.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Label Hazard Warning:

**CAUTION! MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. AFFECTS RESPIRATORY AND CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEMS. INHALATION HAZARD.**

Label Precautions:

**Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.  
Do not breathe dust.**

Product Code(s) na

Source Codes trb

**Wash thoroughly after handling.**  
**Keep container closed.**  
**Use with adequate ventilation.**

**Label First Aid:**

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet should be provided to all who will use, handle, store, transport, or otherwise be exposed to this product. This information was prepared for the guidance of plant engineering, operations and management and for persons working with or handling this product. Lubricants USA believes this information to be reliable and up to date as of the date of publication, but makes no warranty that it is.

<b>NFPA HAZARD RATING</b>	least - 0	slight - 1	moderate - 2	high - 3	extreme - 4
<b>HMIS HEALTH RATING</b>	least - 0	slight - 1	moderate - 2	high - 3	extreme - 4

AP = approximately    EQ = equal    > = greater than    < = less than    NA = not applicable  
 ND = no data    NE = not established

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists                      AIHA = American Industrial Hygiene Association  
 CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (1980)  
 EPA = Environmental Protection Agency    HMIS = Hazardous Materials Information System  
 IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer    NFPA = National Fire Protection Association  
 NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health                                      NLGI = National Lubricating Grease Institute  
 NPCA = National Paint and Coating Manufacturers Association                                      NTP = National Toxicology Program  
 OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration    RQ = Reportable quantity  
 SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (1986)                                      TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act