

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR AEL COOLANT 50-50

TOTAL Lubricants USA Southwest  
400 Chisholm Place, Suite 418  
Plano, Texas 75075

TOTAL Lubricants USA, Inc.  
5 N. Stiles Street  
Linden NJ 07036

REVISION DATE  
N/A

DATE ISSUED  
1-July-2009

IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: AEL COOLANT 50-50      PRODUCT #: 1-13606  
CHEMICAL NAME: N/A - Mixture      CAS #'S: Mixture  
PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Yellow liquid, slight chemical odor      CHEMICAL FAMILY: Ethylene and diethylene glycols  
SYNONYMS: Prediluted antifreeze, yellow      EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 1-908-862-9300

COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

COMPONENTS:      W/W      HAZARD DATA (TLV, LD50, LC50, ETC.):  
Ethylene Glycol      100 mg/m3 ACGIH CEILING TLV  
CAS No. 107-21-1

For further information see the Toxicity section.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS):  
Health      Flammability      Reactivity  
2      0      0

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

TRANSPORTATION/SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Department of Transportation (DOT): Not regulated

EMERGENCY FIRST AID

EYE CONTACT:  
Keep eyes open and rinse immediately with water for at least 15 minutes.

SKIN CONTACT:  
Immediately remove all soiled or contaminated clothing. Wash the affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

INHALATION:  
Remove to fresh air. Keep warm and allowed to rest. Call a physician if discomfort persists.

INGESTION:  
Seek medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Give nothing to drink. NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: The principal toxic effects of ethylene glycol, when swallowed, are kidney

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damage and metabolic acidosis. Ethanol is antidotal, and its early administration may block the formation of nephrotoxic metabolites of ethylene glycol in the liver. Ethanol should be given intravenously, as a 5% solution in sodium bicarbonate, at a rate of about 10 ml ethanol per hour. A desired therapeutic level of ethanol in blood is 100 mg/dl. Hemodialysis may be required. Pulmonary edema with hypoxemia has been described in a number of patients following poisoning with ethylene glycol. The mechanism of production has not been elucidated, but it appears to be noncardiogenic in origin in several cases. Respiratory support with mechanical ventilation and positive end-expiratory pressure may be required.

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FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION  
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FLASH POINT (MINIMUM): not established due to water content  
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: not established

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:  
Health            Flammability    Reactivity  
2                    0                    0

FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (approximate percent by volume in air):  
Estimated values: lower n/e                    upper n/e

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:  
Apply alcohol type or all purpose type foams by manufacturers' recommended techniques for large fires. Use water spray, carbon dioxide or dry chemical media for small fires.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:  
not applicable

"EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING:  
Empty containers retain residue (liquid or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, WELD, CUT BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and returned to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with government regulations. For work on tanks refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

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HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION  
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EXPOSURE LIMIT FOR TOTAL PRODUCT: 50 PPM Ceiling for vapor and mist combined.  
BASIS: ACGIH: 1984-85

SWALLOWING:

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HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION

May cause abdominal discomfort or pain, dizziness, malaise, lumbar pain, oliguria, uremia, and central nervous system depression. Severe kidney damage follows the swallowing of large volumes of ethylene glycol. May be fatal.

SKIN ABSORPTION:

No evidence of adverse health effects from available information.

INHALATION:

May cause irritation of the nose and throat with headache, particularly from mists. High vapor concentrations caused, for example, by heating the material in an enclosed and poorly ventilated workplace may produce nausea, vomiting, headache, and dizziness.

SKIN CONTACT:

No evidence of adverse health effects from available information.

EYE CONTACT:

Liquid, vapor, and mist may cause discomfort in the eye with transient conjunctivitis. Serious corneal injury is not anticipated.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE:

Inhalation of mist may produce signs of central nervous system involvement, particularly dizziness and nystagmus.

PHYSICAL DATA

The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

BOILING RANGE:  
107 C (225 F)

VAPOR PRESSURE:  
n/e

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (25°C/25°C):  
(WATER = 1)  
1.06

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1):  
2.14 (Air =1)

MOLECULAR WEIGHT:  
Wide range

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:  
n/e

EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25°C  
(77°F) (n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1):  
> 1.0

SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. and 25°C  
(77°F):  
Soluble

POUR, CONGEALING OR MELTING POINT:  
Pour point -40 C, -40 F)

FREEZING POINT:  
n/e

REACTIVITY

This product is stable and will NOT react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite or calcium hypochlorite, etc., as this represents a serious explosion hazard.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS:

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Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, and other decomposition products, in case of incomplete combustion.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:  
Open flames.

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TOXICITY  
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ORAL (Acute) N/E  
DERMAL (Acute) N/E  
EYE N/E  
INHALATION (Acute) N/E  
CHRONIC, SUBCHRONIC, ETC. N/E

This product does NOT contain any ingredients identified as carcinogenic by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

SARA Section 313 Status: This product contains the following  
Section 313 and 40 CFR Part 372 reportable ingredients:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Diethylene glycol	111-46-6	0-4
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	30-70%

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Ethylene glycol has been shown to produce dose-related teratogenic effects in rats and mice when given by gavage or in drinking water at high concentrations. There is, however, no currently available information to suggest that ethylene glycol has caused birth defects in humans. Therefore, ethylene glycol is considered an animal teratogen.

Two chronic feeding studies, using rats and mice, have not produced any evidence that ethylene glycol causes dose-related increases in tumor incidence, or a different pattern of tumors compared with untreated controls. The absence of a carcinogenic potential for ethylene glycol has been supported by numerous in vitro genotoxicity studies showing that it does not produce mutagenic or clastogenic effects.

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SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES  
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STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Absorb with sand or inert material. Sweep or scoop up and remove. Prevent spread of spill. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers, watercourses or extensive land areas. Assure conformity with local regulations.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: (Consult federal, state, or local authorities for proper disposal procedures.) Assure conformity with applicable disposal regulations. Dispose of absorbed material at an approved waste site or facility.

ECOTOXICITY. Discharges are expected to cause only localized and non-persistent environmental damage. **Toxic to many water organisms.** Not expected

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to bioconcentrate in aquatic organisms. Fish are threatened because of lack of oxygen. LC 50 for shrimp is 100 ppm in 48 hr with aeration. LC 50 rainbow trout 41000 mg/l for 96 hours.

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PROTECTION AND PRECAUTIONS  
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VENTILATION: (Always maintain below permissible exposure limits.)

Use local exhaust to capture vapor, mist or fumes, if necessary.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: (Use only NIOSH approved equipment.)

Use respirators when there is a danger of exceeding the permissible exposure limits. Normally not needed at ambient temperatures.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated contact.

EYE PROTECTION:

Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing which could result in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

WORK PRACTICES/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not handle near heat, sparks, flame,

or strong oxidants. DO NOT MIX WITH NITRITES OR PRODUCTS WHICH CONTAIN NITRITES.

PERSONAL HYGIENE:

Minimize breathing vapor, mist, or fumes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse.

Remove contaminated shoes and thoroughly clean before reuse. Cleanse skin thoroughly after contact, before breaks and meals, and at end of work period.

Product is readily removed from skin by waterless hand cleaners followed by washing thoroughly with soap and water.

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OTHER REGULATORY  
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**SARA SECTION 311 - HAZARD CATEGORIES:**

This product may meet one or more of the criteria for the hazard categories defined in 40 CFR Part 370 as established by Sections 311 and 312 of SARA as indicated below:

YES	<b>IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) HEALTH HAZARD</b>	NO	<b>SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE HAZARD</b>
YES	<b>DELAYED (CHRONIC) HEALTH HAZARD</b>	NO	<b>REACTIVE HAZARD</b>
NO	<b>FIRE HAZARD</b>		

**SARA SECTION 302 - EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS WASTE:**

This product is not known to contain any components in concentrations greater than one percent that are listed as Extremely Hazardous Substances in 40 CFR Part 355 pursuant to the requirements of Section 302(a) of SARA.

**CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA):**

Under the CWA, discharges of fluids to surface water without proper Federal and State permits must be reported immediately to the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

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**CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES:**

As defined by CERCLA, the term "hazardous substance" does not include any ingredients or fraction thereof, which is not otherwise specifically listed or designated as a hazardous substance.

Reportable Quantities (RQ) SARA 302 Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQ)  
Ethylene Glycol: Component RQ: 5,000 lbs

**U.S. TSCA INVENTORY**

TSCA Inventory: Diethylene glycol; ethylene glycol

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

This product contains no ingredients for which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, which would require a warning under the statute.

**NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW LABEL**

Antifreeze; ethylene glycol (0878) 30-50 wt%  
Special hazard 1,2-ethanediol (107-21-1) 30-50 wt %

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PREPARED BY: Alan Denniston

VP PRODUCT MANAGEMENT  
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THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE.  
HOWEVER, SINCE DATA, SAFETY STANDARDS, AND GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS ARE  
SUBJECT TO CHANGE AND THE CONDITIONS OF HANDLING AND USE, OR MISUSE  
BEYOND OUR CONTROL, SELLER MAKES NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESS OR  
IMPLIED, WITH RESPECT TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THE  
INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR RELIANCE  
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RELEVANT TO HIS PARTICULAR USE.