

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET FOR RUBIA TIR 7900 SAE 15W-40

TOTAL Lubricants USA Southwest
400 Chisholm Place, Suite 418
Plano, Texas 75075

TOTAL Lubricants USA, Inc.
5 N. Stiles Street
Linden NJ 07036

REVISION DATE
N/A

DATE ISSUED
1-June-2009

IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: RUBIA TIR 7900 SAE 15W-40
PRODUCT #: 1-11757
CHEMICAL NAME: N/A - Mixture
CAS #'S: Mixture
PRODUCT APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Dark liquid, petroleum odor
CHEMICAL FAMILY: N/A - mixture
SYNONYMS: Heavy Duty Diesel Lubricant
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 1-800-442-5823 or 1-908-862-9300

COMPONENTS AND HAZARD INFORMATION

COMPONENTS: W/W HAZARD DATA (TLV, LD50, LC50, ETC.):
Petroleum based lubricating oil 5 mg/m3 TWA (OSHA, ACGIH)
CAS# 64742-54-7, 64742-65-0, (as an oil mist)
64741-89-5, 64741-88-4*

* Paraffinic base oil used are not limited to but include these CAS numbers.

Non-hazardous additive packages n/e
CAS# n/a

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (HMIS):
Health 1 Flammability 1 Reactivity 0

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

TRANSPORTATION/SHIPPING INFORMATION:

Department of Transportation (DOT): Not regulated

EMERGENCY FIRST AID

EYE CONTACT:
If splashed into the eyes, flush with clear water for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT:
In case of skin contact, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

INHALATION:
For effects produced by overexposure, remove to fresh air. If effects persist, obtain medical advice.

INGESTION:
If ingested, call a physician immediately. Possible aspiration hazard.

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FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION

FLASH POINT (MINIMUM): AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:
> 350°F Test method: COC N/E

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA) - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:
Health Flammability Reactivity
1 1 0

FLAMMABLE OR EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (approximate percent by volume in air):
Estimated values: lower n/e upper n/e

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA AND FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:
Foam, water spray (fog), dry chemical, carbon dioxide and vaporizing liquid type extinguishing agents may all be suitable for extinguishing fires involving this type product, depending on size or potential size of fire and circumstances related to the situation. Plan fire protection and response strategy through consultation with local fire protection authorities or appropriate specialists.

The following procedures for this type of product are based on the recommendations in the National Fire Protection Association's "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials", Eighth Edition (1984):

Use water spray, dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water froth may be used to flush spills away from exposure. Minimize breathing gases, vapor, fumes, or decomposition products. Use supplied-air breathing equipment for enclosed or confined spaces or as otherwise needed.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:
n/a

"EMPTY" CONTAINER WARNING:
Empty containers retain residue (liquid or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, WELD, CUT BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Do not attempt to clean since residue is difficult to remove. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and returned to a drum reconditioner. All other containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with government regulations. For work on tanks refer to Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

HEALTH AND HAZARD INFORMATION

EXPOSURE LIMIT FOR TOTAL PRODUCT: N/E
VARIABILITY AMONG INDIVIDUALS:
Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons and synthetic lubricants pose potential human health risks which vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists, or fumes should be minimized.
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE (Signs and symptoms of exposure):
SKIN:
Prolong or repeated skin contact may cause mild irritation.
EYES:
Product contacting the eye may cause irritation.
INHALATION:
Excessive concentrations of vapors or mists may cause irritation.

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PHYSICAL DATA

The following data are approximate or typical values and should not be used for precise design purposes.

BOILING RANGE:
Not available

VAPOR PRESSURE:
Not available

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (25°C/25°C):
(WATER = 1)
< 1.0

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1):
> 5

MOLECULAR WEIGHT:
Wide range

PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME:
Not calculated

EVAPORATION RATE @ 1 ATM. AND 25°C
(77°F) (n-BUTYL ACETATE = 1):
Not available

SOLUBILITY IN WATER @ 1 ATM. and 25°C
(77°F): Negligible

REACTIVITY

This product is stable and will NOT react violently with water. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite or calcium hypochlorite, etc., as this represents a serious explosion hazard.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS:

Fumes, smoke, carbon monoxide, oxides of sulfur, and other decomposition products, in case of incomplete combustion.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Open flames.

TOXICITY

ORAL (Acute) N/E
DERMAL (Acute) N/E
EYE N/E
INHALATION (Acute) N/E
CHRONIC, SUBCHRONIC, ETC. N/E

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Unknown

This product does NOT contain any ingredients identified as carcinogenic by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

All components known to be contained in this product are on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.

SARA Section 313 Status: This material is not known to contain any chemicals on the SARA Section 313 list at a concentration greater than 1.0 percent or carcinogenic chemical on that list at a concentration greater than 0.1 percent.

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking or impounding. Absorb with sand or inert material. Sweep or scoop up and remove. Prevent spread of spill. Advise

